



Drawn & Eng by J.H. Goffin

FRIENDS ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

PHILADELPHIA.

15
SIXTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE STATE OF

THE ASYLUM,

FOR

THE RELIEF OF PERSONS

DEPRIVED OF THE

USE OF THEIR REASON.

PUBLISHED BY DIRECTION OF THE CONTRIBUTORS, THIRD MONTH, 1879.

PHILADELPHIA:

PRINTED BY WILLIAM K. BELLOWS,

S. W. corner Fourth and Apple Tree Streets.

1879.



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SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

THE time has again arrived when it becomes the duty of the Superintendent to present to the Managers a report of the condition and operations of the Asylum during the past year.

There has been no important incident to chronicle in the workings of the Institution that would be worthy of public notice. The usual routine of Hospital life, with its cares and trials, has been daily presented, and has furnished material sufficient to teach many an important lesson, to those who are able to discern their true significance. The patients have with few exceptions been remarkably free from any endemic or epidemic disease. We have reason to believe that those who have been restored to their former good health, have left the Institution with grateful remembrances of the care received whilst here; and those under treatment at the present time give promise for the average yield of recoveries. General good order, and a feeling of contentment and satisfaction prevail amongst the members of our household, and a united effort is manifested on the part of those concerned in carrying out the objects of the Institution.

There were remaining at the close of last year 84 patients; 44 of whom were men, and 40 were women;

37 have been admitted since that time, 19 males and 18 females, making a total of 121 who have received the benefits of Hospital treatment during the year. The greatest number under care at any one time was 94, the smallest 81, and the monthly average 87, which number is greater with one exception, than the average of any previous twelve months in the history of the Institution. There were twenty men and fifteen women discharged, three men and one woman have died, thus leaving under care at the present time 82 patients, 40 of whom are men, and 42 are women.

Of the 35 patients who were discharged, 13 were recorded as restored, 4 much improved, 3 improved, and 15 stationary.

Of the 13 patients who were discharged restored, two were under treatment between one and two months, four from two to three months, two from four to five months, three for six months, one eleven months, and one two years. Seven of this number were admitted during the past year.

Those discharged as much improved were all admitted during the past year; one of these was an inmate two months, one two and one-half months, and two four months.

Of those recorded as improved, one was under care three and one-half months, one six months, and the third nine months.

It will be noticed that in the last two classes, those of the former were under the care of the Asylum from two to four months, and of the latter from three to nine months; in all of these cases their friends were compelled to remove them thus early, on account of limited means to meet the expense; and the same cause may be ascribed for the discharge of the unusually large number of stationary cases, ten of whom were removed to State and County Institutions.

Of those who died, one was a man 60 years of age, who had been insane over five years, and was brought to the Asylum in the advanced stage of Chronic Mania; he was weak and emaciated, and died of Marasmus thirty days after admission. Another man 30 years of age, who had been insane over one year, died six months after admission of convulsions due to Syphilitic disease. The third a man also 30 years of age, was brought to the Asylum in the early stage of Acute Mania, and died of exhaustion nineteen days after his admission. The fourth case was a woman 55 years old, who had been insane eight months, and died suddenly of heart disease, after a residence here of four months.

Statistics.—The following statistics contain most of the points usually recorded; some of the tables are imperfect on account of the record not embracing those in the early history of the Institution.

TABLE I.—Showing the number of each sex discharged, their condition at the time of discharge, the number at present in the House, and the whole number received since the opening of the Institution.

	<i>Men.</i>	<i>Women.</i>	TOTAL.
Discharged—Restored, - - -	433	416	849
“ Much improved, - - -	81	84	165
“ Improved, - - -	115	128	243
“ Stationary, - - -	174	175	349
Died, - - - -	146	135	281
Remaining, - - - -	40	42	82
Total, - - - -	989	980	1,969

TABLE II.—Showing the duration of Insanity in 1,969 cases so far as recorded.

	<i>Men.</i>	<i>Women.</i>	TOTAL.
Less than one year, - - -	571	559	1,130
From 1 to 5 years, - - -	258	257	515
“ 5 “ 10 “ - - -	57	72	129
“ 10 “ 20 “ - - -	44	36	80
“ 20 “ 30 “ - - -	22	20	42
“ 30 “ 40 “ - - -	1	10	11
“ 40 “ 50 “ - - -	8	9	17
Unknown, - - - -	28	17	45
Total, - - - -	989	980	1,969

TABLE III.—Showing the sex and civil state in 1,969 cases, so far as recorded.

	<i>Men.</i>	<i>Women.</i>	TOTAL.
Single, - - - -	362	364	726
Married, - - - -	489	439	928
Widowed, - - - -	52	112	164
Unknown, - - - -	86	65	151
Total, - - - -	989	980	1,969

TABLE IV.—Showing the ages of 1,969 patients, at the time of their admission.

	<i>Men.</i>	<i>Women.</i>	TOTAL.
Under 20 years, - - -	56	65	121
From 20 to 30 years, - -	289	259	548
“ 30 “ 40 “ - -	226	225	451
“ 40 “ 50 “ - -	161	178	339
“ 50 “ 60 “ - -	147	134	281
“ 60 “ 70 “ - -	76	71	147
“ 70 “ 80 “ - -	29	34	63
“ 80 “ 90 “ - -	5	13	18
“ 90 “ 100 “ - -	0	1	1
Total, - - - -	989	980	1,969

TABLE V.—Showing the residence of 1,969 patients.

Pennsylvania, - - - 1,427	<i>Brought forward,</i> - 1,948
New Jersey, - - - 262	District of Columbia, 3
Maryland, - - - 82	West Indies, - - 2
Delaware, - - - 48	South Carolina, - 3
New-York, - - - 36	Georgia, - - - 2
North Carolina, - - 22	West Virginia, - - 2
Virginia, - - - 20	Florida, - - - 1
Massachusetts, - - 13	Michigan, - - - 1
Ohio, - - - 12	California, - - - 1
Indiana, - - - 5	Wisconsin, - - - 1
Louisiana, - - - 5	Mississippi, - - - 1
Missouri, - - - 4	Minnesota, - - - 1
Rhode Island, - - - 4	Indian Territory, - 1
Canada, - - - 5	Utah, - - - 1
Alabama, - - - 3	Illinois, - - - 1
<i>Carried forward,</i> - 1,948	Total, - - - 1,969

TABLE VI.—Showing the per centage of recent and chronic cases restored.

		Less than 12 months.	More than 12 months.	TOTAL.
Number Admitted,	- - -	1,123	846	1,969
“ Restored,	- - -	719	120	839
Per centage Restored,	- - -	64.02	14.18	42.61

TABLE VII.—Showing the occupation of 989 male patients, so far as recorded.

Farmers,	227	<i>Brought forward,</i>	606	<i>Brought forward,</i>	668
Merchants,	58	Laborers,	7	Booksellers,	2
Clerks,	68	Publishers,	2	News Carriers,	4
Tanners & Curriers,	25	Machinists,	5	Reporter,	1
Physicians;	18	Dentists,	2	Plasterer,	1
Teachers,	14	Navy Officers,	2	Tinners,	2
Carpenters,	17	Silversmiths,	2	Confectioners,	2
Lawyers,	14	Millers,	5	Gold-beater,	1
Students,	17	Plumbers,	3	Watch-case maker,	1
Manufacturers,	16	Coopers,	2	Watch-maker,	1
Druggists,	12	Segar-makers,	3	Sexton,	1
Inn-keepers,	8	Potter,	1	Bookbinder,	1
Masons,	14	Shop-keepers,	2	Telegraph Operator,	1
Blacksmiths,	10	Coach-trimmer,	1	Paper-hanger,	1
Operators,	14	Cashier of Bank,	1	Baker,	1
Artists,	6	Saddler,	1	Ship-Carpenter,	1
Printers,	12	Engravers,	3	Farrier,	1
Sailors,	4	File-cutter,	1	Coachman,	1
Butchers,	10	Brush-maker,	1	Surveyor,	1
Clergymen,	4	Dyer,	1	R. R. Employees,	2
Planters,	3	Carmen,	5	Liquor Dealers,	2
Jewelers,	3	Brewer,	1	Nailer,	1
Painters,	8	Overseer,	1	Cobbler,	1
Cabinet-makers,	4	Gardeners,	2	Ship Smith,	1
Tailors,	5	Hatters,	3	Whip Maker,	1
Engineers,	3	Wheelwrights,	2	Wood Carver,	1
Brokers,	7	Livery-stablekeeper,	1	None,	29
Shoemakers,	5	Contractors,	2	Unknown,	259
<i>Carried forward,</i>	606	<i>Carried forward,</i>	668	Total,	989

TABLE VIII.—Showing the cause of Insanity in 920 cases.

	<i>Men.</i>	<i>Women.</i>	TOTAL.
Ill-health, - - -	65	125	190
Intemperance, - - -	97	2	99
Domestic trouble, - - -	29	87	116
Puerperal, - - -	0	55	55
Loss of property, - - -	33	7	40
Excitement about religion, -	7	20	27
Organic disease of the brain, -	26	13	39
Anxiety, - - -	39	34	73
Disappointment, - - -	12	23	35
Masturbation, - - -	33	3	36
Epilepsy, - - -	24	14	38
Over-exertion, - - -	20	16	36
Abuse of opium, - - -	2	11	13
Blow on the head, - - -	11	1	12
Fear, - - -	4	4	8
Grief, - - -	6	26	32
Old age, - - -	4	9	13
Jealousy, - - -	2	3	5
Excessive study, - - -	3	1	4
Sudden wealth, - - -	1	2	3
Insolation, - - -	8	2	10
Syphilis, - - -	12	1	13
Hardship and exposure, - - -	4	0	4
Nostalgia, - - -	1	2	3
Use of tobacco, - - -	1	3	4
Healing of ulcer, - - -	1	0	1
Poison of lead, - - -	2	0	2
Extreme pain, - - -	0	1	1
Spiritualism, - - -	2	1	3
Chorea, - - -	0	1	1
Prolonged lactation, - - -	0	1	1
Exposure to direct rays of sun, -	1	0	1
Paralysis, - - -	0	1	1
Uncontrolled passion, - - -	1	0	1
Total, - - -	451	469	920

In what are termed the necessities of life, there has been during the past year a marked reduction in cost, and this has enabled us to expend more for the comfort of the patients in various ways; by a judicious expenditure above the average cost of maintenance, we are adding that much more to the efficiency of our appliances for the restoration of patients, and to the general welfare of all those who may be classed as permanent residents. That hospital which can show with every passing year some addition to its instrumentalities for promoting the cure or comfort of its inmates, some better arrangements for conducting the Institution, either in improvements of the buildings and grounds, or additions to the means of employing the patients, and furnishing them with healthy recreation, comes nearest fulfilling the leading aim in its establishment. This Asylum well fitted as it was at first for its purpose has been keeping up with modern improvements, and steadily extending its means of usefulness. To further its interests will require a continuance of that care and support which have been so judiciously bestowed in the past.

The year now closing has more fully demonstrated the great need there is in this Institution of a more ample fund for the assistance of those who are unable to pay the minimum rate of board. I would again call attention to the importance of establishing free beds for the support and care of those recent cases, who might be restored to good health, and are necessarily excluded from treatment, or receive only its

partial benefits from a limited stay in the Asylum, on account of their want of means.

The improvements made during the year, although not very extensive, have added to the comfort of the patients, and the welfare of the Institution. The plan decided upon for the general improvement of the Asylum a few years ago, contemplated the removal of all of the windows from the front of the wings on both sides of the house, and the substitution of others of an improved design, reaching nearly to the floor of the corridors, was thus much completed at that time; and during the past year the changes above referred to, have been so carried out as to render the entire front and ends of the building symmetrical.

Several of the rooms in the west end of the building have been replastered. The men's third ward was thoroughly painted early in the year, experience having proven paint to be the best covering for hospital walls, thereby preventing the absorption of noxious substances, allowing the free use of water for cleansing, and adding to the cheerfulness of the apartments. The wards in each wing have had an increased supply of furniture and carpets, and in some of them have been placed book cases with a supply of books for the use of the patients. During the early part of last summer all of the slate and tin roofing was thoroughly repaired, and the latter repainted.

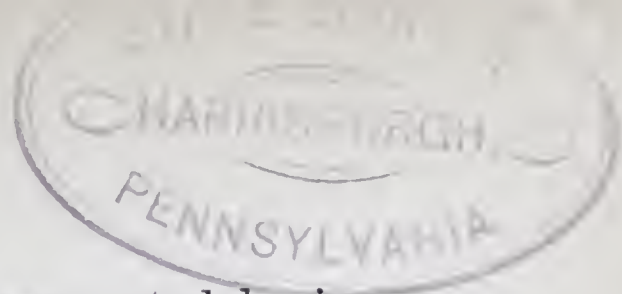
A new board walk has been made to extend around

the outskirts of the women's grounds, also from the front of the house to the entrance gate, near which a gas lamp has been erected. The sewer pipe has been extended over three hundred feet, and now empties its contents into a pit, where it is utilized for fertilizing purposes.

Care has been extended to keep the appliances for use in case of fire in order at all times, with a sufficient quantity of water in the tanks. In addition to six hundred feet of hose attached to the water pipes in each wing of the building, and two Babcock Fire Extinguishers, we have lately purchased six portable extinguishers filled with a patent liquid compound, each of which is worked with a double acting pump. These arrangements will probably be sufficient to prevent serious damage by fire that might originate in any portion of the building occupied by the patients.

The product of the farm for the year has been quite satisfactory, and the garden has yielded a large crop of vegetables which were supplied to the patients in sufficient quantity and variety. The front lawn was plowed and cultivated in order to prepare it for growing a better sward; it is thought that another year's tillage will accomplish what is desired. There has been a liberal but necessary outlay in the purchase of wagons, harness, and farming implements.

To find suitable employment for all classes who can be induced to participate, is recognized to be of great benefit in the treatment of our patients. Every morn-



ing during the summer when not prevented by inclement weather, those of the male patients who could be prevailed upon to assist the attendants, have taken part in keeping the walks and grounds in order. It is not expected that the work done will be of much pecuniary value, where the majority of those engaged are unaccustomed to manual labor, yet the effort to accomplish something is useful in giving exercise to the mind as well as body, and their example may stimulate others to like exertion, and have a salutary influence upon all who are thus employed. The afternoons of this season are occupied by out-door exercise in walking through the woods, and in playing games on the front lawn, especially croquet and football. During the winter season when the walking is suitable they take excursions through the neighboring country. The female patients also spend much of their time in the open air when the weather permits, and during the summer many of them play croquet on the lawn. The carriage is very frequently used for the more feeble, and by other classes when the weather is unfit for walking.

When confined to the house they have been furnished with reading matter from the library, in addition to that in the wards; daily papers, as well as some of the illustrated weeklies are freely distributed among the patients.

The females engage in needle work of various kinds, and in assisting with the work of the wards, so far as is consistent with their welfare. The Assistant Phy-

sician has delivered a course of lectures upon Zoology and Geology, which have been listened to by attentive audiences, and he has spared no pains to make them interesting and instructive. In addition to this two evenings of each week have been devoted to the magic lantern exhibitions, and occasionally we have had readings; our stock of lantern slides has been increased by the purchase of over one hundred and fifty new ones. One evening of each week is devoted to social gatherings when some of the patients of each sex take tea with the officers, and spend the evening in the Matron's parlor.

The practice of deceiving patients when bringing them to the Asylum is often noticed here, and we feel should be discountenanced; it surely can be accounted for on no other ground than a want of knowledge of the right treatment for the Insane. When it is thought best to place a patient in an Institution, why use deception to accomplish the object? If such a course is pursued it will be pretty sure to awaken in his mind a feeling of general mistrust, as it is certain to increase that commonly existing; his cure may thus be retarded by the resulting want of confidence in those to whose charge he is committed; and when restored he is apt to retain an aversion to those who have been participants in the deception; on the other hand he will justify coercion, feeling that it had been necessary. Absolute physical compulsion can generally be avoided; for some one can often be found whose influence will induce the patient to go quietly, and if not, the presence of sufficient force will

be convincing evidence that opposition will be of no avail. As a rule, frankness and judicious firmness will quickly win their confidence, and command their obedience, and the patient will when under care in a hospital, soon become attached to those officers, who are candid and firm, but kind and encouraging.

A generous contribution of over thirty steel engravings neatly framed, has been received from some friends of the Institution. These have been properly distributed, and contribute not a little to the cheerfulness of the patient's apartments.

In noting the thoughtful kindness of those who have thus evinced their interest in the Institution, it is to be regretted that more do not embrace an opportunity such as is here offered, of helping even in a small degree to lighten the burden of mental affliction. A picture, a plant, a book, or specimens for our Museum will be always acceptable.

Dr. H. C. Evarts continues in the position of Assistant Physician.

The resignation of Margaret H. Worthington, over four months ago, left a vacancy in the post of Matron which has been filled by the appointment of Sarah H. Dutton. Henry Hall continues to attend to the duties of clerk, and the purchasing of supplies for the house.

To all of these officers I wish to extend my sincere thanks, for the valuable assistance they have each rendered in the performance of their several duties. It is a pleasure to refer to the faithful services of the attendants, who have at all times, with but few exceptions manifested an interest in the patients, and have performed their often onerous duties creditably, and to the satisfaction of the officers.

In entering upon a new year let us trust that the Asylum will, under the Divine blessing, continue to minister to the afflicted, giving that support and care which have been so well rendered during the many years of its existence.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN C. HALL,

Superintendent.

Philadelphia, Third Month 1st, 1879.

The Sixty-Second Annual Report
OF THE
MANAGERS OF THE ASYLUM,
TO THE CONTRIBUTORS.

THERE were at the date of our last Report 84 Patients on the list, viz. 44 men and 40 women. Since that time 37 have been admitted, making a total of 121 under treatment during the year. Of these, 5 have died and 35 have been discharged, 13 of whom were restored, 4 much improved, 3 improved, and 15 stationary. The present number in the Asylum is 81, viz. 39 men and 42 women. The number of patients has averaged 87, against 81 the previous year.

For fuller details respecting the number of patients under care during the year, and the results of treatment, the Contributors are referred to the Superintendent's report herewith submitted.

The accounts of our Treasurer William Kinsey, audited by a committee appointed for the purpose, are presented herewith. The balance in his hands, due the Contributors, on the aggregate of all the accounts on the 1st inst. was \$3,602 01.

During the past year our efficient Matron, Margaret H. Worthington, resigned her position. The Board, after full consideration of the subject, concluded to place in the hands of the Superintendent the filling of the vacancy. Under this authority he appointed our friend Sarah H. Dutton, who entered upon her duties 11th month 16th, 1878. With the above exception, the corps of officers remain as at the time of our last report, and the Managers are glad to be able to express approval of the faithfulness of all in the discharge of their varied and important duties.

The windows in the west end of the building have been enlarged to correspond with the others in size, whereby the cheerfulness of the rooms and comfort of the patients have been much increased.

It has been concluded to devote the basement of the Amusement and Lecture Hall to the purposes of a kitchen, and to place therein a new and much larger range, the one now in use being nearly worn out, and too small for the needs of the Institution. Also to erect a brick oven for baking bread, pastry, &c. It is proposed that the room now used as a kitchen be devoted to other purposes.

Applications have not been infrequent, during the present depressed condition of commercial affairs, for the admission to Asylums, of those whose reason has been unseated through mental anxiety, their pecuniary resources being at the same time cut off. It appeals to our highest feelings to use our best efforts

to restore such to their families, with minds unclouded and their physical frames strengthened. Our Institution has unfortunately no fund at its command to enable us to take in such without charge. This is especially commended to the consideration of those whom Providence has blessed with sound faculties and ample pecuniary means.

The Managers would again commend the Institution to the thoughtful consideration of the liberal friends of afflicted humanity, hoping that by donations and legacies, its capacity for usefulness may be still further enlarged and increased.

On behalf of the Board of Managers.

JOHN E. CARTER,

Clerk.

Philadelphia, Third Month 10th, 1879.

Summary of the Treasurer's Account.

RECEIPTS.

Balance, Third month 1st, 1878, - - - - -	\$1,837 50
From John C. Hall, Superintendent, - - - - -	42,051 10
“ Interest and Ground Rents, - - - - -	400 13
“ Permanent Fund, - - - - -	809 00
“ Principal of Bonds of Frankford and Germantown Turnpike Company, (on account,) - - - - -	80 00
“ Life Subscription, - - - - -	25 00
	<hr/>
	45,202 73
	<hr/> <hr/>

PAYMENTS.

Orders in favor of John C. Hall, Superintendent, -	\$40,071 43
Trust Accounts and Clothier Fund for amounts overdrawn, - - - - -	940 74
Book-keeping, - - - - -	200 00
Printing and Advertising, - - - - -	345 55
Returned Surety of Patient, - - - - -	13 00
Preparing Room for Managers Meetings, - - - - -	30 00
Balance, - - - - -	3,602 01
	<hr/>
	45,202 73
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OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTION.

CLERK OF THE CONTRIBUTORS,

William Bettle, No. 426 North Sixth Street.

TREASURER,

William Kinsey, S. W. cor. Third and Vine Streets.

CLERK OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS,

John E. Carter, 24th and Bainbridge Streets.

PHYSICIAN AND SUPERINTENDENT,

John C. Hall, M. D.

ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN,

Herman C. Evarts, M. D.

MATRON,—Sarah H. Dutton.

MANAGERS.

William Bettle, No. 426 North Sixth Street.

Horatio C. Wood, No. 612 Race Street.

John C. Allen, No. 335 South Fifth Street, and No. 119 South Fourth Street.

Richard Richardson, No. 522 Arch Street.

Samuel Morris, near Olney, (Twenty-Third Ward, Philadelphia.)

Elliston P. Morris, Germantown, and No. 21 North Seventh Street.

William Kinsey, No. 471 Marshall St., and S. W. corner Third and Vine Sts.

William B. Cooper, near Camden, New Jersey.

Samuel Emlen, Germantown, and No. 631 Market Street.

Francis R. Cope, Germantown, and No. 1 Walnut Street.

John E. Carter, Germantown, and Twenty-Fourth and Bainbridge Streets.

James Whitall, Germantown, and No 410 Race Street.

Henry Haines, No. 518 Pine Street, and No. 512 Walnut Street.

Edward Bettle, Camden P. O., New Jersey.

John H. Webster, near Frankford.

William Evans, No. 325 Pine Street, and No. 252 South Front Street.

Richard J. Allen, No. 833 North Seventh St., and No. 119 Arch Street.

Thomas Scattergood, No. 502 Marshall St., and No. 22 North Front Street.

Benjamin H. Deacon, Frankford.

James Bromley, No. 641 Franklin Street.

INFORMATION RESPECTING THE ADMISSION OF PATIENTS INTO THE ASYLUM.*

The Institution is open for the reception of all classes of the Insane, without regard to the duration or curability of the disease. It is proper to state, however, that idiots or persons affected with mania-a-potu are not considered suitable subjects for this Asylum.

Previous to a patient being taken to the Institution, it is necessary to arrange the rate of board with a Manager, (or if more convenient with the Superintendent at the Asylum,) to furnish a Certificate of insanity from two or more respectable physicians, accompanied by a request signed by a legal guardian, (or by a relative or friend in case the patient has no guardian) that the individual may be received into the Asylum.

For the payment of board, &c., an agreement must be signed by some responsible persons as sureties, one of whom must reside in or near Philadelphia.

The charge for board includes washing, medicines, medical attendance, &c.

If private attendants are deemed necessary, or desirable, they can at all times be furnished, by a special arrangement with the Superintendent.

The following are the forms for Physicians Certificate, for the Request for Admission, and for the agreement for the payment of board and charges.

CERTIFICATE OF PHYSICIANS.

(As required by Law of Pennsylvania, approved Fourth month 20th, 1869.)

WE certify, that after a personal examination of
of made within one week of the date of this Certificate,
we find to be insane, and a proper subject for Asylum treatment.

M. D.

M. D.

Dated

18

* Letters sent by Mail to the Asylum, should be directed "Frankford Post Office," Philadelphia.

All letters of inquiry or on business should be addressed to the Superintendent.
Small parcels for patients may be left at No. 631 Market Street, Philadelphia.

CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE OR JUDICIAL OFFICER.

(As required by Law of Pennsylvania, approved Fourth month 20th, 1869.)

I Certify that the foregoing Certificate was duly acknowledged and
to before me, this day of
 , 18 , that the signatures thereto are genuine,
and that the signers are Physicians of respectability.

[L. S.]

REQUEST

*For the admission of a Patient, to be signed by a guardian, relative
or friend.*

I request that the above named _____ who
is insane, may be admitted as a Patient into the "Asylum for the
Relief of Persons Deprived of the Use of their Reason."

A thorough knowledge of the history of cases of Insanity being important to those concerned in their treatment, the friends of patients applying for admission into the Asylum, are particularly requested, with the aid of the Physicians, to furnish full and explicit answers to the following

QUESTIONS.

1.—What is the patient's age? Is the patient married or single?
If children, how many?

Answer.

2.—Where was the patient born? Where is place of residence?

Answer.

3.—What have been the patient's occupation, and reputed pecuniary circumstances?

Answer.

4.—When were the first symptoms of the disease manifested? and in what way?

Answer.

5.—Have there been one or more previous attacks? and, if so, of what duration, and at what age?

Answer.

6.—On what subjects and in what way is derangement *now* manifested? Have there been any fixed delusions? Is the patient rational at intervals? If so, do these intervals occur at regular periods?

Answer.

7.—What relatives of the patient, including grand-parents and their descendants, have been insane?

Answer.

8.—Has the patient been subject to epilepsy, diseases of the skin, discharges or sores, or any other bodily disease? or has received any injury of the head?

Answer.

9.—What derangement of the general health has accompanied the mental disorder?

Answer.

10.—Was the patient noted for any eccentricity or peculiarity of temper, habits, disposition or pursuits?

Answer.

11.—Is the patient noisy or violent, or disposed to injure or others? If so, in what manner?

Answer.

12.—Has the patient ever attempted suicide? If so, in what way? Is there *now* any propensity of the kind?

Answer.

13.—Is the patient addicted to any mischievous practices, such as destroying clothing, breaking glass, furniture, &c.? What are the habits, as regards eating, sleeping and cleanliness?

Answer.

14.—Has the patient been addicted to the use of ardent spirits, tobacco, opium, or any other stimulants?

Answer.

15.—Has restraint or confinement been resorted to? If so, of what kind, and how long continued?

Answer.

16.—What is supposed to be the cause of the disease?

Answer.

17.—State the general course of medical and moral treatment which has been pursued, and the effects observed therefrom?

Answer.

Please mention any other circumstances which may serve to throw light upon the case.

AGREEMENT FOR THE PAYMENT OF BOARD AND CHARGES.

(One of the signers of this Agreement must reside in or near Philadelphia.)

IN CONSIDERATION of the admission of
as a patient into Friends' Asylum for the Insane, situated near Frank-
ford, Philadelphia,—We jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs,
executors, administrators and assigns, to pay quarterly, in advance, to
Superintendent of
said Institution, or to his assigns or successor in office,
dollars per week for board,—not less than four weeks' board
to be paid under any circumstances; the said charge for board to be con-
tinued until shall be discharged;—but if taken away *uncured*,
against the advice of the Superintendent, before the end of three calen-
dar months, to pay board for thirteen weeks; *also*, to make compen-
sation for all damages done by to the glass, bedding or
furniture; *also*, to provide a sufficiency of suitable clothing for
use while there, and in case it is not furnished when required, it is
agreed that the Superintendent may purchase such as may, in his
judgment, be needed, the expense thereof to be a part of this contract
and added to the charge for board; *also*, to cause to be
removed when discharged.

The Managers reserve the right to discharge the said patient from
the Institution in case of the non-payment of said board and charges,
according to the terms above stipulated.

<i>Witness our hands and seals this</i>	<i>day of</i>	A. D. 18
WITNESS.		(L. S.)
		(L. S.)
		(L. S.)

The foregoing preliminaries having been complied with, an order is given
authorizing the Superintendent of the Asylum to receive the patient.

OF THE VISITORS TO THE ASYLUM.

When near relations or particular friends of patients, desire to be admitted
to see their connexions, application must be made to the Superintendent,
who may allow such visits, when circumstances will admit.

As the general admission of visitors would be improper and injurious to
the patients, no persons, except as above, shall be admitted to the apartments
occupied by patients, unless introduced by a Manager; but on application to
the Superintendent, they may be shown such parts of the building and ap-
pendages as are not so occupied.

In order to preserve quiet on the first day of the week, visiting on any
account on that day, either in the house or on the premises, is prohibited,
unless under very peculiar circumstances.

ANNUITIES.

A mode of obtaining contributions by annuities, not much known amongst us, but familiar to Friends in England, has been agreed on by the Contributors. On paying any sum of money to the Treasurer, for the use of the Institution, interest of six per cent. thereon, is annually to be paid to the annuitant; at whose decease the interest money ceases, and the principal remains the property of the Asylum. This mode will probably be convenient to many who are desirous of promoting the designs of the Institution, and yet do not prefer making any considerable donation during their lifetime.

FORMS OF LEGACY.

I. FORM OF A BEQUEST OF PERSONAL ESTATE.

“I give and bequeath to A. B. and C. D., and the survivor of them, and the executors and administrators of such survivor, the sum of _____ in trust for the use of an Institution in Philadelphia, known by the name of ‘The Contributors to the Asylum for the relief of persons deprived of the use of their reason,’ and to be paid by the said Trustees to the ‘Treasurer for the time being of the said Institution.”

II. FORM OF A DEVISE OF REAL ESTATE.

“I give and devise to A. B. and C. D., and their heirs, all that (here describe the property) _____ together with the appurtenances, to hold to them, the said A. B. and C. D., and the survivor of them, and the heirs of such survivor forever; in trust nevertheless, for the sole use and benefit of an Institution in Philadelphia, known by the name of ‘The Contributors to the Asylum for the relief of persons deprived of the use of their reason,’ and upon this further trust, absolutely to dispose of, and convey the same, either in fee, or for such other estate, and in such way and manner, as the Contributors to the said Asylum shall, at any meeting or meetings, order, direct and appoint.”

☞ The Annual Meeting of the Contributors to the Asylum for the Relief of Persons deprived of the use of their Reason, will be held on fourth-day, the 17th of the Third month, 1880, at 3 o'clock, P. M., in the Arch street Meeting-house.

MANAGERS OF THE ASYLUM FOR 1879—80.

CLASSED TO VISIT THE ASYLUM WEEKLY ON SEVENTH-DAY.

<i>From 3d month 19th to 4th month 14th.</i>	{ Francis R. Cope, Samuel Morris. Richard Richardson,
<i>" 4th month 14th to 5th month 12th.</i>	{ Richard Richardson, William B. Cooper, Edward Bettie.
<i>" 5th month 12th to 6th month 9th.</i>	{ William B. Cooper, Edward Bettie, Thomas Scattergood.
<i>" 6th month 9th to 7th month 14th.</i>	{ Thomas Scattergood, James Whitall, James Bromley.
<i>" 7th month 14th to 8th month 11th.</i>	{ James Whitall, James Bromley, John H. Webster.
<i>" 8th month 11th to 9th month 8th.</i>	{ John H. Webster, Richard J. Allen. Benjamin H. Deacon.
<i>" 9th month 8th to 10th month 13th.</i>	{ Richard J. Allen, Benjamin H. Deacon, John C. Allen.
<i>" 10th month 13th to 11th month 10th.</i>	{ John C. Allen, William Bettie, Henry Haines.
<i>" 11th month 10th to 12th month 8th.</i>	{ William Bettie, Henry Haines, William Evans.
<i>" 12th month 8th to 1st month 12th, 1880.</i>	{ William Evans, Samuel Emlen, Horatio C. Wood.
<i>" 1st month 12th to 2nd month 9th.</i>	{ Horatio C. Wood, Samuel Emlen, Elliston P. Morris.
<i>" 2nd month 9th to 3d month 17th.</i>	{ Elliston P. Morris, Francis R. Cope, Samuel Morris.

